# **EVEL TRUS JOIST**<sup>®</sup> commercial

# TJI<sup>®</sup> L65, L90, H90, AND HS90 JOISTS

- Lightweight for Fast Installation
- Compatible with Standard Framing
- Available in Long Lengths
- Resists Bowing, Twisting, and Shrinking
- Works with Multiple Spans
- Limited Product Warranty

This literature is for legacy Trus Joist® products only and is not intended for use in current specification. Visit www.woodbywy.com for the most current Trus Joist® product offering and specification information.

#COM-2000 SPECIFIER'S GUIDE





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### **INTRODUCTION**

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

## WELCOME TO ILEVEL TRUS JOIST<sup>®</sup> COMMERCIAL

iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial is an exciting business within Weyerhaeuser—offering building solutions for a broad range of commercial applications; pioneering unique manufacturing technologies; and providing world-class service and technical support for architects, specifiers, and builders.

You'll still find all the reliable, innovative products that you've been using, including iLevel® Trus Joist® Commercial open-web trusses, iLevel® Trus Joist® Parallam® PSL beams and headers, TJI® joists, TimberStrand® LSL studs, and TJ-Beam® design software. And you'll work with one service-oriented supplier to get all of these products and the support you need to build smarter.

iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial. A family of brand-name building products...a source for innovative ideas and solutions...a supplier that's simpler to do business with.

#### The iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial TJI® Joist Advantage

TJI<sup>®</sup> joists are lightweight joists suitable for use in roofs and floors in residential, multifamily, institutional, and commercial applications. This product is available in multiple series so you can design the most cost-effective system. Other TJI<sup>®</sup> joist benefits include:

- Dependable Delivery—The iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial large network of plants in key market areas enables us to deliver materials quickly. Each plant is staffed with experienced personnel who can talk to you about any special requirements and help solve problems.
- Minimum Waste—TJI<sup>®</sup> joists are manufactured to resist twisting and shrinking, and they can be cut to size at the factory so there's virtually no time or material waste prior to installation.
- Compatibility—All TJI® joists fit into wood frame, masonry, or steel construction, and they can accommodate a wide variety of decking and ceiling materials—including wood, plywood, steel, and gypsum.
- Easy Mechanical Access—Knockout holes for ventilation and flexible conduit are provided in the web of the TJI® joists. The web can also be cut or drilled to accommodate larger ductwork (see pages 20–21), so costly suspended ceilings can often be eliminated.

#### ABOUT THIS GUIDE

The iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial TJI® L65, L90, H90, and HS90 Joist Specifier's Guide is one of several guides that offer technical information and design recommendations for iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial products. This guide provides architects, designers, and engineers with information regarding TJI® joists in commercial applications.

#### **Product Selection**

This guide provides specifiers with technical information on the iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial TJI<sup>®</sup> Joist product line. However, you will often find that a variety of products can work in many applications when you consider span, wind or load-carrying capacity, and design constraints. Your local iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative, with support from our network of regional engineering offices, can assist you in choosing the best system for your specific application. Contact us for help with any of the following:

- Product selection
- Building department calculations
- Complete cost analysis
- System selection (system packages can include horizontal framing, main carrying beams, headers, wall framing, mansard framing, and accessories)

#### **Products for Every Application**

In addition to TJI<sup>®</sup> joists, iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial offers a variety of other engineered lumber products that are ideal for use in commercial projects. For more information, contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative or visit www.iLevel.com to download literature for products such as iLevel<sup>®</sup> Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Parallam<sup>®</sup> PSL beams, tapered TJI<sup>®</sup> joists, open-web trusses, and TimberStrand<sup>®</sup> LSL studs.

#### **Unsurpassed Technical Support**

iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial has one of the largest networks of sales representatives in the business. Their services include consultation, computer-assisted design and layout, delivery coordination, and installation review. They can suggest cost-reduction techniques and check special application requirements. In addition, they're backed by a staff of engineers who provide comprehensive technical support when needed. Special requests are accommodated wherever practical, and they offer cost analysis, engineering analysis, assistance with building code approvals—even the creation of special product applications for more creative designs. The goal of iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial technical support is to help the architect or specifier achieve quality design applications with the most cost-efficient product selection possible.



Our network of sales representatives offer a wide range of services to help guide your projects through planning and construction.

#### **Innovation and Resource Efficiency**

By making better use of every tree—including those that are smaller diameter—iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial can produce cost-effective, consistently available engineered lumber that reduces environmental impact. Using patented technologies, we can take a tree apart and put its fibers back together to take advantage of the wood's natural strength. The result is a quality wood product that offers superior strength and reliable performance.

### **ENGINEERING SERVICES**

Upon request, iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial can provide the following services for the products described in this commercial TJI® Joist Specifier's Guide:

- A complete design package including shop drawings and detailed design calculations.
- Review and analysis of the application.
- Drawings or calculations sealed by a professional engineer.

#### Installation Review

Although responsibility for proper installation lies with the contractor-builder, iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial provides detailed suggestions and guidelines for installation. If requested, an iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative will visit the site to verify the contractor's understanding of proper installation. iLevel engineers also are available to help solve jobsite application problems.



Our engineering staff offers professional capabilities in the design and application of all iLevel® products.

#### **Engineering Responsibility Position Statement**

iLevel is a manufacturer of proprietary structural components.

It employs a staff of engineers to aid in the development, manufacture, and marketing of its products. iLevel does not replace or accept the responsibility of the design professional of record for any structure.

iLevel accepts the delegation of engineering responsibility only for the products it manufactures, provided that the application conditions are specified by the design professional of record, or other responsible party when a design professional is not engaged. iLevel provides engineering in the design of its products and does not displace the need on any project for a design professional of record.

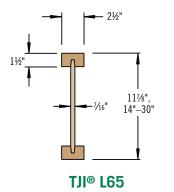
### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

### **TJI® JOIST DESCRIPTIONS**

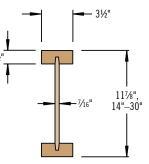
This guide covers four series of joists: TJI® L65, TJI® L90, TJI® H90, and TJI® HS90. These joists are primarily intended for commercial applications such as retail stores, office buildings, schools, restaurants, hotels, warehouses, and nursing homes. They are typically designed, manufactured, and sold by iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial for each specific job. Contact your iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative for more information.

1¾

TJI® joists are normally produced without camber. However, camber is available at 2,250' radius as a special order. Camber is not recommended for floors, or for multiple-span or cantilever applications.

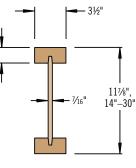


Top and bottom flanges of 1½" x 2½" iLevel® Trus Joist® Microllam® LVL with ½s" iLevel® Trus Joist® Performance Plus® web.



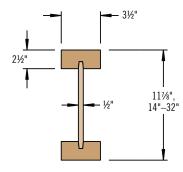
TJI® L90

Top and bottom flanges of 1½" x 3½" iLevel® Trus Joist® Microllam® LVL with 7/16" iLevel® Trus Joist® Performance Plus® web.



TJI® H90

Top and bottom flanges of 1¾" x 3½" iLevel® Trus Joist® Microllam® LVL with ½6" iLevel® Trus Joist® Performance Plus® web.



#### TJI® HS90

Top and bottom flanges of 3½" x 2½" iLevel® Trus Joist® Microllam® LVL with ½" iLevel® Trus Joist® Performance Plus® web.

- For heavy loads and 8' on-center roof systems
- Increased bending strength and stiffness

Joist depths from 14" to 32" are available in 2" increments.

Building Codes and Product Acceptance: See ICC ES ESR-1153, ICC ES ESR-1387, HUD SEB No. 689 Rev.11, HUD MR 925k, L.A. City RR #25538 and RR #25202, DSA PA-048, and DSA PA-045

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

### **DESIGN PROPERTIES**

			В	asic Proper	ties			Reaction Properties <sup>(4)(5)</sup>							
					EV(0) 400	EV:0 100			tion (lbs)		Inte	rmediate		(lbs)	
Joist	Joist	Resistive	Vertical		EI <sup>(3)</sup> x 10 <sup>6</sup> TJI® Joist with	EI <sup>(3)</sup> x 10 <sup>6</sup> TJI® Joist with			Length			Bearing	Length		
Depth	Weight	Moment <sup>(1)</sup>	Shear <sup>(2)</sup>	El x 10 <sup>6</sup> (in. <sup>2</sup> -lbs)	Nailed Floor	<b>Glue-Nailed Floor</b>	1¾ (2½" fo	-	31	2"	31	/2"	51	/4"	
	(lbs/ft)	(ft-lbs)	(lbs)	(11. 155)	Sheathing (in. <sup>2</sup> -lbs)	Sheathing (in. <sup>2</sup> -lbs)	Web Stif		Web Stif	feners <sup>(6)</sup>	Web Stif	feners <sup>(6)</sup>	Web Stif	feners <sup>(6)</sup>	
					(1111103)	(1111657	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
						TJI® L65 Joist	ı								
111/8"	3.3	6,750	1,925	450	512	561	1,375	1,745	1,885	1,925	2,745	3,120	3,365	3,735	
14"	3.6	8,030	2,125	666	752	821	1,375	1,750	1,885	2,125	2,745	3,365	3,365	3,985	
16"	3.9	9,210	2,330	913	1,025	1,116	1,375	1,750	1,885	2,330	2,745	3,490	3,365	4,105	
18"	4.2	10,380	2,535	1,205	1,348	1,462	1,375	1,750	1,885	2,535	2,745	3,615	3,365	4,230	
20"	4.4	11,540	2,740	1,545	1,722	1,864	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	2,740	N.A.	3,740	N.A.	4,355	
22"	4.7	12,690	2,935	1,934	2,149	2,322	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	2,935	N.A.	3,860	N.A.	4,480	
24"	5.0	13,830	3,060	2,374	2,632	2,838	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	3,060	N.A.	3,875	N.A.	4,605	
26"	5.3	14,960	2,900	2,868	3,172	3,416	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	4,725(7)	N.A.	5,345(8)	
28"	5.5	16,085	2,900	3,417	3,772	4,056	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	4,850(7)	N.A.	5,470 <sup>(8)</sup>	
30"	5.8	17,205	2,900	4,025	4,434	4,762	N.A.	1,750	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	4,975(7)	N.A.	5,590 <sup>(8)</sup>	
						TJI® L90 Joist									
111/8"	4.2	9,605	1,925	621	687	741	1,400	1,715	1,885	1,925	3,350	3,665	3,965	4,285	
14"	4.5	11,430	2,125	913	1,005	1,079	1,400	1,875	1,885	2,125	3,350	3,825	3,965	4,440	
16"	4.7	13,115	2,330	1,246	1,366	1,462	1,400	2,030	1,885	2,330	3,350	3,980	3,965	4,600	
18"	5.0	14,785	2,535	1,635	1,786	1,908	1,400	2,030	1,885	2,515	3,350	3,980	3,965	4,600	
20"	5.3	16,435	2,740	2,085	2,272	2,422	N.A.	2,190	N.A.	2,675	N.A.	4,140	N.A.	4,755	
22"	5.6	18,075	2,935	2,597	2,824	3,006	N.A.	2,345	N.A.	2,830	N.A.	5,090	N.A.	5,705	
24"	5.8	19,700	3,060	3,172	3,442	3,659	N.A.	2,345	N.A.	2,830	N.A.	5,405	N.A.	6,020	
26"	6.1	21,315	2,900	3,814	4,132	4,387	N.A.	2,450	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	5,800(7)	N.A.	5,800 <sup>(8)</sup>	
28"	6.4	22,915	2,900	4,525	4,895	5,191	N.A.	2,450	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	5,800(7)	N.A.	5,800 <sup>(8)</sup>	
30"	6.6	24,510	2,900	5,306	5,732	6,073	N.A.	2,450	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	5,800(7)	N.A.	5,800 <sup>(8)</sup>	
447/11		10.000	1.005	0.07	755	TJI® H90 Joist	1.400	1 715	1.005	1.005	0.405	0.010	4.100	1.100	
117/8"	4.6	10,960	1,925	687	755	810	1,400	1,715	1,885	1,925	3,495	3,810	4,100	4,420	
14"	4.9	13,090	2,125	1,015	1,109	1,185	1,400	1,875	1,885	2,125	3,495	3,970	4,100	4,575	
16"	5.2	15,065	2,330	1,389	1,512	1,610	1,400	2,030	1,885	2,330	3,495	4,130	4,100	4,735	
18"	5.4	17,010	2,535	1,827	1,982	2,106	1,400	2,030	1,885	2,515	3,495	4,130	4,100	4,735	
20" 22"	5.7	18,945	2,740	2,331	2,522	2,676	N.A.	2,190	N.A.	2,675	N.A.	4,285	N.A.	4,890	
22"	6.0 6.3	20,855 22,755	2,935 3,060	2,904 3,549	3,136 3,825	3,321 4,046	N.A. N.A.	2,345 2,345	N.A.	2,830 2,830	N.A.	5,235 5.425	N.A. N.A.	5,840 6,155	
24"	6.5	22,755	2,900	4,266	4,590	4,046	N.A.	2,345	N.A.	2,830	N.A.	5,425 5,800 <sup>(7)</sup>	N.A.	5,800 <sup>(8)</sup>	
28"	6.8	26,520	2,900	4,200	5,436	5,737	N.A.	2,450	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	5,800(7)	N.A.	5,800(8)	
30"	7.1	28,380	2,900	5,930	6,363	6,710	N.A.	2,450	N.A.	2,900	N.A.	5,800(7)	N.A.	5,800(8)	
00	7.1	20,300	2,300	5,550	0,000	TJI® HS90 Joist	п.л.	2,430	п.л.	2,300	п.л.	5,000.77	п.л.	0,000	
117⁄8"	6.0	16.050	2,320	900	941	973	1,835	2,320	2,150	2,320	3,995	4,650	4,690	5,345	
14"	6.3	19,425	2,520	1,355	1,410	1,455	1,835	2,565	2,150	2,520	3,995	4,980	4,690	5,670	
16"	6.6	22,550	2,303	1,876	1,948	2,005	1,835	2,303	2,150	2,790	3.995	4,980	4,690	5,670	
18"	7.0	25,640	3,020	2,488	2,578	2,650	1,835	3,020	2,150	3,020	3,995	5,310	4,690	6,000	
20"	7.3	28,695	3,250	3,195	3,306	3,394	N.A.	3,250	N.A.	3,250	N.A.	5,425	N.A.	6,330	
22"	7.6	31,725	3,480	3,998	4,131	4,238	N.A.	3,475	N.A.	3,480	N.A.	5,425	N.A.	6,330	
24"	7.9	34,730	3,710	4,901	5,059	5,186	N.A.	3,500	N.A.	3,710	N.A.	5,425	N.A.	6,655	
26"	8.2	37,715	3,940	5,905	6,090	6,238	N.A.	3,500	N.A.	3,940	N.A.	6,985(7)		7,675(8)	
28"	8.5	40,680	4,165	7,014	7,228	7,400	N.A.	3,500	N.A.	4,165	N.A.	6,985 <sup>(7)</sup>	N.A.	7,675(8)	
30"	8.8	43,630	4,375	8,230	8,476	8,672	N.A.	3,500	N.A.	4,375	N.A.	7,310(7)	N.A.	8,005(8)	
32"	9.1	46,560	4,375	9,555	9,834	10,057	N.A.	3,500	N.A.	4,375	N.A.	7,640(7)		8,335(8)	
			,,,,,,		· / · • ·			.,							

 The stated allowable design properties are for loads of normal duration. Adjustments to the allowable design values shall be in accordance with the applicable code.

(1) **Caution:** Do not increase joist resistive moment properties by a repetitive-member-use factor; resistive moment properties reflect the latest ASTM standards.

(2) For possible increases in shear capacity see below.

(3) For deflection calculation only. Assumes 12" joist spacing (24" spacing for HS90 joists) with a 24" span-rated panel. (4) Interpolation between bearing lengths is permitted for allowable design reactions.

(5) Allowable bearing lengths have been determined based on iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial products. Allowable bearing on supporting members shall be checked.

(6) Refer to page 16 for web stiffener details.

(7) 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" bearing length is required at intermediate reactions.

(8) 7" bearing length is required at intermediate reactions.

#### TJI® Joist Shear Design

When joists are used as simple-span members, the design shear is equal to the shear at the face of the support.

When joists up to 24" in depth are used as multiple-span members, the design shear is the calculated shear at the interior support reduced by the following:

$$R = \frac{W}{19.25} \le 18\%$$
R is the percent redu

Where: R is the percent reduction W is uniform load in plf

#### TJI® L65 Allowable Uniform Load (PLF)

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

		Depth																		
	112	7/8"	14	4"	16	6"	18	3"	20	)"	22	2"	24	t"	20	6"	28	3"	31	)"
Span	100% TL	115% TL																		
Shan	100% LL	125% TL																		
12'	320	368	354	407	388	446	412	474	416	479	416	479	416	479	416	479	416	479	416	479
12	252	401	350	442	*	485	*	515	*	520	*	520	*	520	*	520	*	520	*	520
14'	275	316	303	349	332	382	353	406	357	410	357	410	357	410	357	410	357	410	357	410
14	169	343	238	379	311	416	*	441	*	446	*	446	*	446	*	446	*	446	*	446
16'	210	242	250	288	287	330	309	355	312	359	312	359	312	359	312	359	312	359	312	359
10	118	263	168	313	221	359	281	386	*	390	*	390	*	390	*	390	*	390	*	390
18'	153	191	198	228	227	261	256	294	277	319	277	319	277	319	277	319	277	319	277	319
10	76	204	109	247	144	284	184	320	229	347	*	347	*	347	*	347	*	347	*	347
20'	114	152	160	184	184	211	207	238	230	265	250	287	250	287	250	287	250	287	250	287
20	51	152	73	200	98	230	125	259	157	288	191	312	228	312	*	312	*	312	*	312
22'	86	115	126	152	152	175	171	197	190	219	209	241	227	261	227	261	227	261	227	261
22	39	115	56	165	75	190	97	214	121	238	148	262	178	284	210	284	*	284	*	284
24'	67	90	98	128	127	147	144	165	160	184	176	202	192	220	207	238	208	239	208	239
24	30	90	44	131	59	159	76	180	96	200	117	220	141	240	167	259	195	260	*	260
26'		71	78	104	106	125	122	141	136	157	150	172	163	188	177	203	190	218	192	221
20		71	35	104	47	136	61	153	77	170	94	187	114	204	135	221	158	237	183	240
28'		57		84	86	108	105	121	117	135	129	148	141	162	152	175	164	188	175	201
20		57		84	38	114	49	132	62	147	77	161	93	176	110	190	130	205	150	219
30'		47		69	70	94	92	106	102	117	112	129	122	141	132	152	142	164	152	175
30		47		69	31	94	40	115	51	128	63	141	77	153	91	166	107	178	125	191
201		39		57		78	76	93	90	103	99	114	108	124	116	134	125	144	134	154
32'		39		57		78	34	101	43	112	53	123	64	135	76	146	90	157	104	168
34'		32		48		65		82	79	91	87	100	95	110	103	119	111	128	119	136
34		32		48		65		85	36	99	44	109	54	119	64	129	76	139	88	148
36'				40		55		72	69	81	78	90	85	98	92	106	99	114	106	122
30				40		55		72	30	89	38	97	46	106	55	115	65	124	75	132
2.01				34		47		62		73	70	80	76	88	82	95	89	102	95	109
38'				34		47		62		79	32	87	39	95	47	103	55	111	65	119
401	1					40		53		66		72	69	79	74	86	80	92	86	98
40'						40		53		68		79	34	86	40	93	48	100	56	107

\* Indicates that total load (TL) value controls.

- Green numbers refer to 115% total load (TL).

#### Load Table Instructions

#### To size floor joists:

 Check both total load (100% TL) and live load (100% LL). Total load values limit deflection to L/240. Live load values are based on a nailed floor system and the commercial deflection criteria shown on page 22. Live load (100% LL) values may be increased with a glue-nailed floor system; use iLevel® TJ-Beam® software or contact your iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative for assistance.

#### To size roof joists:

- Check the appropriate snow load area (115% TL) value or non-snow load area (125% TL) value to determine the maximum allowable total load. Both total load values limit joist deflection to L/180.
- Consult local codes to verify deflection limits required for specific applications.

#### 100% TL (Total Load)

Use this and the 100% LL to select floor member. This is the maximum allowable total load in pounds per linear foot of joist. Values are limited by deflection equal to L/240 at total load.

#### 100% LL (Live Load)

Use this and the 100% TL to select floor member. This number is the maximum allowable live load capacity in pounds per linear foot of joist. Value is based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection Limit** shown on page 22.

#### **General Notes**

- Values shown are maximum allowable load capacities based on the following assumptions:
- simple span; horizontal clear distance between supports.
- glue-nailed floor.
- uniformly loaded conditions with 2½" (3" for HS90) bearing length and web stiffeners. Other capacities may be possible with different criteria; use TJ-Beam<sup>®</sup> software or contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative.
- positive drainage in roof applications (¼" per foot slope minimum).
- Camber (2,250' radius) is available for simple-span applications only. Contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative for availability.
- For span or loading conditions not covered by these tables (such as multiple spans or concentrated loads), use TJ-Beam® software or contact your iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative for assistance.

#### 115% TL (Total Load)

Use this to select roof member in snow load areas. This is the maximum allowable total load in pounds per linear foot of joist. Values are limited by deflection equal to L/180 at total load.

#### 125% TL (Total Load)

Use this to select roof member in non-snow load areas. This is the maximum allowable total load in pounds per linear foot of joist. Values are limited by deflection equal to L/180 at total load.

117/8"

00% TL 115%

100% LL 125% T

368 354 407 388 44

216

320

252 401

Span

12'

14"

100% TL 115%

100% LL 125% TL

350 442

16"

100% TL 11

100% LL 12

\* /

### **LOAD TABLES**

#### TJI® L90 Allowable Uniform Load (PLF)

	Depth																			
	117	/8"	14	4"	16"		18"		2	0"	2	2"	24	4"	20	6"	2	B"	3	0"
Span	100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL		115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL						
14'	275 214	316 343	297 296	341 371	320 *	368 400	320 *	368 400	342 *	393 427	365 *	419 456	365 *	419 456	387 *	445 483	410 *	<b>47</b> 1 512	410 *	<b>47</b> 1 512
16'	240 151	276 300	260 212	299 325	280 276	322 350	280 *	322 350	299 *	344 374	319 *	367 399	319 *	367 399	338 *	389 423	358 *	412 448	358 *	412 448
18'	203 98	245 267	231 138	265 288	248 182	286 311	248 230	286 311	266 *	306 332	283 *	326 354	283 *	326 354	301 *	346 376	318 *	366 398	318 *	366 398
20'	152 66	203 203	208 94	239 260	224 124	257 280	224 158	257 280	239 195	275 299	255 236	293 319	255 *	293 319	271 *	311 338	287 *	330 358	287 *	330 358
22'	116 51	155 155	167 72	217 223	203 96	234 254	203 123	234 254	217 153	250 272	232 185	267 290	232 220	267 290	246 *	283 307	260 *	300 326	260 *	300 326
24'	91 40	121 121	131 57	175 175	176 76	209 227	186 97	214 233	199 121	229 249	212 148	244 266	212 176	244 266	225 207	259 282	239 *	275 298	239 *	275 298
26'	72 32	97 97	105 45	140 140	141 61	178 188	172 78	198 215	184 98	211 230	196 119	226 245	196 143	226 245	208 168	239 260	220 196	253 275	220 *	253 275
28'		78 78	85 37	113 113	114 49	152 152	148 64	173 188	167 80	192 209	182 98	209 228	182 117	209 228	193 138	222 241	205 161	235 256	205 186	235 256
30'		64 64	69 30	93 93	94 41	125 125	122 52	151 162	146 66	168 182	160 81	184 200	170 97	195 212	180 115	207 225	191 134	220 239	191 155	220 239
32'		53 53		77 77	78 34	104 104	101 44	132 135	128 55	147 160	141 67	162 176	153 81	176 192	166 96	191 208	179 113	205 223	179 130	206 224
34'		44 44		65 65	65 28	87 87	85 37	114 114	107 46	130 142	125 57	143 156	136 69	156 170	147 82	169 184	158 95	182 198	168 111	194 211
36'		37 37		55 55		74 74	72 31	96 96	91 39	116 122	111 48	128 139	121 58	139 152	131 70	151 164	141 82	162 176	151 94	173 189
38'		32 32		47 47		63 63		<mark>82</mark> 82	78 34	104 104	97 41	115 125	109 50	125 136	118 60	135 147	126 70	145 158	135 81	156 169
40'				40 40		54 54		71 71	67 29	90 90	83 36	103 111	98 43	113 123	106 52	122 133	114 61	131 143	122 71	140 153
42'				35 35		47 47		<mark>62</mark> 62		78 78	72 31	94 97	88 38	102 111	96 45	111 120	103 53	119 129	111 61	127 138

Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

#### TJI® H90 Allowable Uniform Load (PLF)

										De	pth									
	117	/8"	14	4"	16"		18	3"	2	0"	2	2"	24	4"	20	6"	2	B"	3	0"
Span	100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL			115% TL 125% TL	100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL		100% TL 100% LL	115% TL 125% TL		115% TL 125% TL
14'	275 230	316 343	297 *	341 371	320 *	368 400	320 *	368 400	342 *	393 427	365 *	419 456	365 *	419 456	387 *	445 483	410 *	<b>47</b> 1 512	410 *	<b>47</b> 1 512
16'	240 163	276 300	260 229	299 325	280 *	322 350	280 *	322 350	299 *	344 374	319 *	367 399	319 *	367 399	338 *	389 423	358 *	412 448	358 *	412 448
18'	213 106	245 267	231 150	265 288	248 197	286 311	248 *	286 311	266 *	306 332	283 *	326 354	283 *	326 354	301 *	346 376	318 *	366 398	318 *	366 398
20'	166 72	221 221	208 102	239 260	224 135	257 280	224 172	257 280	239 212	275 299	255 *	293 319	255 *	293 319	271 *	311 338	287 *	330 358	287 *	330 358
22'	127 55	170 170	183 79	217 236	203 105	234 254	203 134	234 254	217 166	250 272	232 201	267 290	232 *	267 290	246 *	283 307	260 *	300 326	260 *	300 326
24'	100 43	133 133	144 62	192 192	186 83	214 233	186 106	214 233	199 132	229 249	212 161	244 266	212 191	244 266	225 *	259 282	239 *	275 298	239 *	275 298
26'	79 34	106 106	115 50	154 154	155 66	198 207	172 86	198 215	184 107	211 230	196 130	226 245	196 156	226 245	208 183	239 260	220 212	253 275	220 *	253 275
28'		<mark>86</mark> 86	93 40	125 125	126 54	168 168	160 70	184 200	171 87	196 213	182 107	209 228	182 128	209 228	193 151	222 241	205 175	235 256	205 202	235 256
30'		70 70	77 33	102 102	104 44	138 138	134 58	171 179	159 72	183 199	170 88	195 212	170 106	195 212	180 126	207 225	191 146	220 239	191 169	220 239
32'		<mark>58</mark> 58		<mark>85</mark> 85	86 37	115 115	112 48	150 150	141 60	170 185	159 74	183 199	159 89	183 199	169 105	194 211	179 123	206 224	179 142	206 224
34'		49 49		71 71	72 31	97 97	94 40	126 126	119 51	150 159	144 63	165 180	150 75	172 187	159 89	183 199	168 105	194 211	168 121	194 211
36'		41 41		60 60		<mark>82</mark> 82	80 34	107 107	101 43	134 135	125 53	148 160	140 64	161 175	150 76	173 188	159 89	183 199	159 103	183 199
38'		35 35		52 52		70 70	69 29	92 92	87 37	116 116	107 46	132 143	126 55	144 157	136 66	157 170	146 77	168 183	151 89	173 188
40'		30 30		44 44		60 60		79 79	75 32	100 100	93 39	119 124	112 48	130 142	123 57	141 154	132 67	152 165	141 77	163 177
42'				38 38		52 52		69 69	65 28	<mark>87</mark> 87	80 34	107 107	98 42	118 128	111 49	128 139	120 58	138 150	128 68	148 160

\* Indicates total load (TL) value controls.Green numbers refer to 115% total load (TL).

See Load Table Instructions and General Notes on page 6

#### TJI® HS90 Allowable Uniform Load (PLF)

## Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

	Uepth																	
	1	6"	18	3"	20	)"	2	2"	24	4"	20	6"	28	3"	31	)"	32	2"
Span	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL	100% TL	115% TL
opun	100% LL		100% LL		100% LL		100% LL		100% LL		100% LL		100% LL		100% LL			125% TL
24'	232	267	251	289	270	311	289	333	291	335	291	335	291	335	291	335	291	335
	108	290	139	314	173	338	210	361	250	364	*	364	*	364	*	364	*	364
26'	205	246	232	267	250	287	267	307	269	309	269	309	269	309	269	309	269	309
	87	268	112	290	140	312	171	334	204	336	240	336	*	336	*	336	*	336
28'	167	223	215	248	232	266	248	285	250	287	250	287	250	287	250	287	250	287
	71	223	92	269	115	290	141	310	168	312	198	312	230	312	*	312	*	312
30'	138	184	180	231	216	249	231	266	233	268	233	268	233	268	233	268	233	268
	58	184	76	240	95	270	117	289	140	291	166	291	193	291	222	291	*	291
32'	115	153	150	200	190	233	217	249	218	251	218	251	218	251	218	251	218	251
	49	153	63	200	80	253	98	271	118	273	140	273	163	273	188	273	214	273
34'	97	129	127	169	160	214	198	235	205	236	205	236	205	236	205	236	205	236
	41	129	53	169	67	214	83	255	100	257	119	257	139	257	160	257	183	257
36'	82	110	108	144	137	182	169	222	194	223	194	223	194	223	194	223	194	223
	35	110	45	144	58	182	71	225	86	243	102	243	119	243	138	243	157	243 211
38'	70 30	94 94	92 39	123 123	117 49	157 157	145 61	194 194	176 74	211 230	184 88	211 230	184 103	211 230	184 119	211 230	184 136	211
	30	-													-			
40'		81	80 34	106 106	101 43	135 135	126 53	168 168	152 64	199 203	175 76	201 218	175 89	201	175 103	201 218	175 119	201 218
	_	81 70	34 69	93	43 88	135	53 109	168	133	203	158	191	166	218 191	103	191	119	191
42'		70	29	93 93	00 37	118	46	146	133 56	177	158 66	208	78	208	90	208	100	208
		61	ΖJ	81	77	103	40 96	128	116	155	139	179	159	182	159	182	159	182
44'		61		81	32	103	40	128	49	155	58	185	68	198	80	198	91	198
		54		71	68	91	84	113	103	133	123	163	144	175	152	175	152	175
46'		54		71	28	91	35	113	43	137	51	164	60	190	70	190	81	190
-		48		63	20	80	75	100	91	121	109	145	128	162	145	167	145	167
48'		48		63		80	31	100	38	121	45	145	54	171	62	182	72	182
		42		56		71	66	89	81	108	97	129	114	149	133	160	140	161
50'		42		56		71	28	89	34	108	40	129	48	152	56	174	64	175

Denth

\* Indicates that total load (TL) value controls.

• Green numbers refer to 115% total load (TL).

See Load Table Instructions and General Notes on page 6

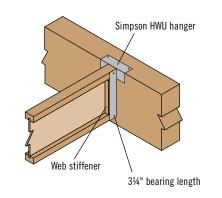
### **8' ON-CENTER ROOF SPAN TABLE**

#### TJI® HS90 Joist 8' On-Center Roof Span

Joist Depth	12 PSF Dead Load	14 PSF Dead Load	16 PSF Dead Load
16"	28'-3"	27'-7"	26'-11"
18"	31'-0"	30'-3"	29'-7"
20"	33'-9"	32'-11"	32'-0"
22"	36'-4"	35'-6"	34'-3"
24"	38'-11"	38'-0"	36'-6"
26"	41'-4"	39'-11"	38'-8"
28"	42'-11"	41'-5"	40'-2"
30"	44'-5"	42'-11"	41'-7"
32"	45'-10"	44'-4"	42'-11"

#### **General Notes**

- Table assumes uniformly loaded, simple-span joists.
- Roof live load is 20 psf for spans less than 25', and 16 psf for spans 25' and greater.
- TJI® joists are spaced at 8' on-center.
- Spans are limited by total load deflection of L/180.
- Span is defined as horizontal clear distance between supports. Spans reflect 125% duration of load adjustment.



- Roof is assumed to be sloped ¼" per foot.
- Reaction based on 3¼" minimum bearing length and web stiffeners. See web stiffener information on page 16. HWU (Simpson) hanger required unless noted otherwise.
- Bold italic numbers indicate a 3" required bearing length, and a WPU (Simpson) hanger may be substituted.
- Fill all nail holes in hanger. Use 10d (3") common nails into joists and 16d (3½") common nails into header.

### FLOOR PERFORMANCE AND TJ-PRO<sup>™</sup> RATINGS

#### It's About Choice—

iLevel® Trus Joist® TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings are generated by a sophisticated computer model for predicting floor performance and evaluating the relationship between the cost and the "feel" of any given floor system. The methodology is based on extensive laboratory research, more than one million installations, and the combined expertise of some of the best engineers in the field. TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings go beyond deflection criteria to consider job-specific needs and expectations. In many cases, using TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings will offer systems that improve performance while actually reducing costs!

#### **TJ-Pro™ Rating Advantages**

- Works as part of iLevel<sup>®</sup> Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> TJ-Beam<sup>®</sup> and TJ-Xpert<sup>®</sup> software
- Provides a new method for accurately predicting floor performance
- Takes perceptions of the occupant into account
- Provides cost comparison

#### **Perceived Floor Performance**



How do most people perceive a floor assembly with a TJ-Pro™ Rating of 45 points? 84% find it good to excellent and 16% find it marginal to unacceptable.

Legacy Literature

See Note on Front Cover

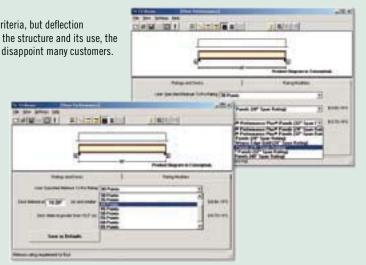
#### Design Smarter—Don't Over-Specify

The traditional way to specify a floor system is to use live load deflection criteria, but deflection explains only part of how a floor performs. Depending on factors unique to the structure and its use, the code minimum of L/360 (or even the more restrictive limits of L/480) may disappoint many customers.

TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings are a much better predictor of floor performance because they consider the many factors that affect floor performance, even taking into account the perceptions of the occupant. With so many variables, you can deliver an economical solution tailored to your customer's expectations.

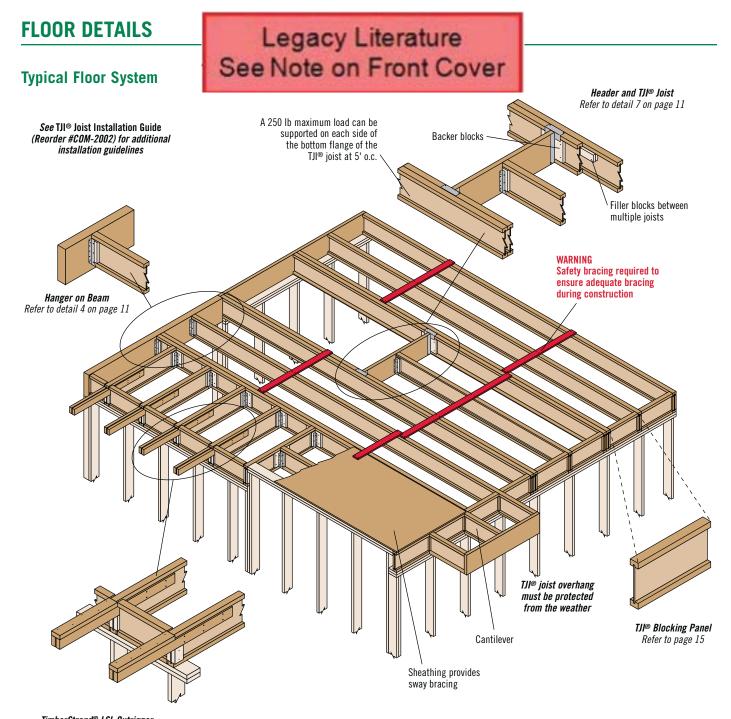
#### Factors That Affect Floor Performance

- TJI® joist series, depth, and spacing
- Deck thickness and quality
- Directly applied ceilings
- Location of partitions on floor
- Blocking
- Bearing conditions for the TJI® joists



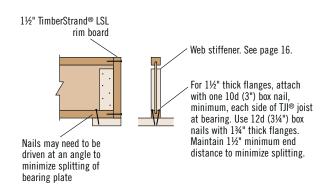
### Get the Support You Need—

We're here to help you make the most of TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings, whether it's help with setup, tips and tricks, or selecting the best rating for your project. Call your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative today.



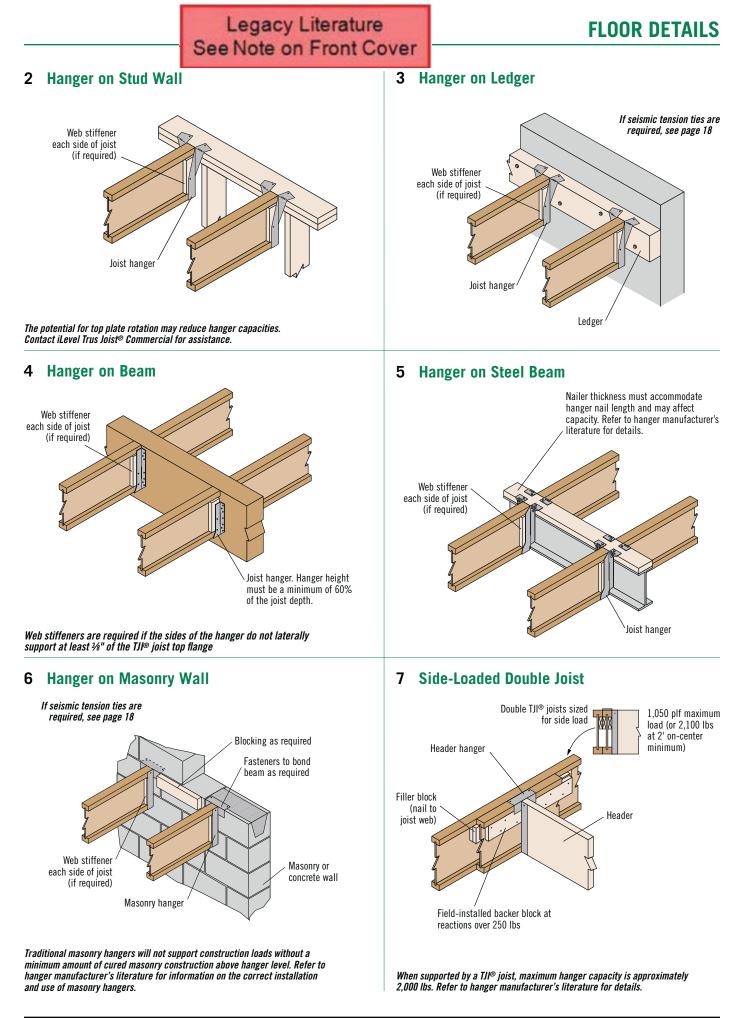
*TimberStrand® LSL Outrigger Refer to page 12* 

#### 1 Nailing TJI® Joist to Bearing Plate



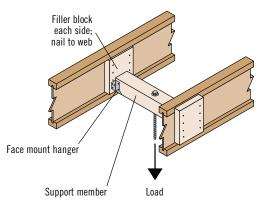
#### **General Notes**

- Details shown on pages 10–14 are conceptual. Attachments and connections shall be made to the supporting structure in accordance with the specific design requirements.
- TimberStrand<sup>®</sup> LSL rim board or TJI<sup>®</sup> blocking panels (or an equivalent alternative) must always be used to prevent rollover and to provide structural attachment of the deck sheathing to the supporting structure in accordance with the specific design requirements.



### FLOOR DETAILS

#### **Support Detail** 8

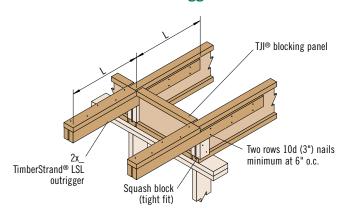


A 250 Ib maximum load can be supported on each side of the TJI® joist bottom flange at 5' on-center, provided the load is included in normal design loads. Use this detail for loads exceeding these limits.

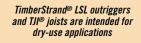
For additional information on supporting sprinkler systems, see the Sprinkler System Installation Guide (Reorder #COM-1000).

### **OUTRIGGERS**

#### 10 TimberStrand<sup>®</sup> LSL Outrigger

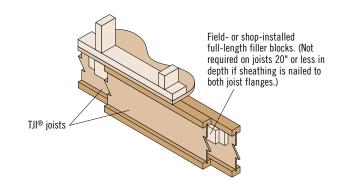


Single or double outrigger can be used, depending upon load. See table and notes for capacity.



### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

#### 9 Top-Loaded Double Joist



#### **TimberStrand® LSL Double 2x Outrigger Capacities**

			All	owable l	Jniform	Loads (p	plf)					
			1.3E (	Grade			1.	.5E Grad	e			
Outrigger Length		Two 2x4			Two 2x6			Two 2x8				
L	Floor	Snow Roof	Non- Snow Roof	Floor	Snow Roof	Non- Snow Roof	Floor	Snow Roof	Non- Snow Roof			
24"	393	452	491	393	452	491	393	452	491			
30"	258	358	389	384	442	463(1)	384	442	463(1)			
36"	149	239	239	378	386(1)	386(1)	378	386(1)	386(1)			
42"	94	150	150	330(1)	330(1)	330(1)	330(1)	330(1)	330(1)			
48"	63	101	101	244	289(1)	289(1)	289(1)	289(1)	289(1)			
54"	44	71	71	172	257(1)	257(1)	257(1)	257(1)	257(1)			
60"	32	52	52	125	200	200	231(1)	231(1)	231(1)			
66"				94	150	150	210(1)	210(1)	210(1)			
72"				72	116	116	191	193(1)	193(1)			
78"				57	91	91	151	178(1)	178(1)			
84"				46	73	73	121	165(1)	165(1)			
90"				37	59	59	98	154(1)	154(1)			
96"							81	129	129			

(1) Values are limited by plate bearing stress, assuming a 3½" wide SPF plate ( $F_{c\perp} = 425$  psi). Other conditions may apply. Plate bearing stress shall not be increased for duration of load.

- Bold italic values may be increased 4% for repetitive-member use if three or more adjacent members are joined by load distributing elements and are spaced no more than 24" on-center.

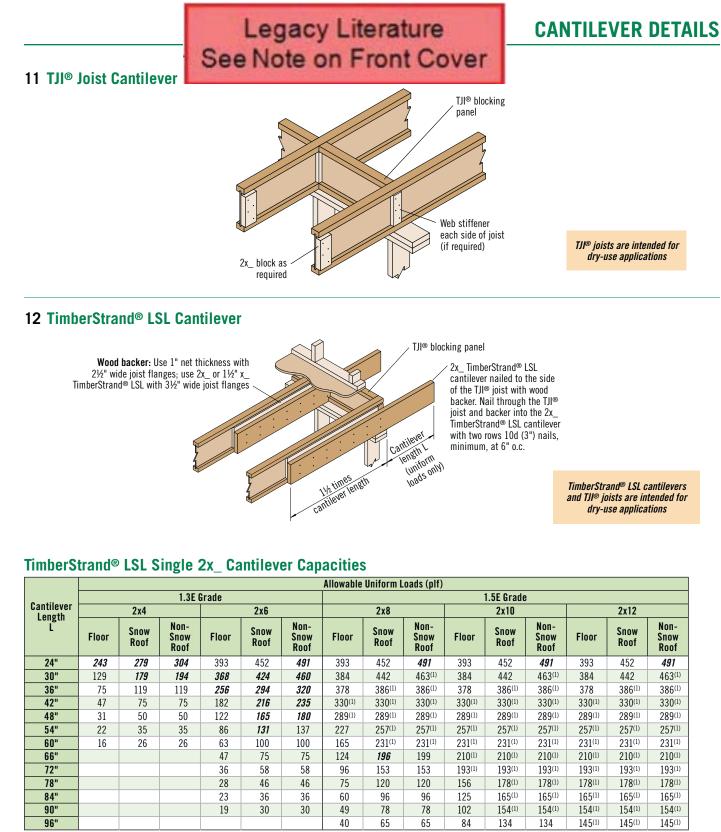
- Single 2x\_outriggers are permitted with TJI® joists; use half of the allowable load shown for double outriggers.

#### Table is based on:

1.5E Grade
$F_v = 400 \text{ psi}$
$F_b = 2,250 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$
E = 1.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> psi

(1) For 12" depth. For other depths, multiply by  $\left[\frac{12}{d}\right]^{0.092}$ 

- Cantilever Deflection (<sup>WL4</sup>/<sub>8EI</sub>):
  2L/480 at floor live load (live load = 0.80 x total load)
- 2L/240 at roof total load



(1) Values are limited by plate bearing stress assuming a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " wide SPF plate (F<sub>c⊥</sub> = 425 psi). Other conditions may apply. Plate bearing stress shall not be increased for duration of load

Bold italic values may be increased 4% for repetitive-member use if three or more adjacent members are joined by load distributing elements and are spaced no more than 24" on-center.

Double 2x\_ cantilevers are permitted with TJI® joists; contact your iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative for sizing and nailing information.

#### Table is based on:

1.3E Grade	1.5E Grade
$F_v = 400 \text{ psi}$	$F_v = 400 \text{ psi}$
$F_b = 1,700 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$	$F_b = 2,250 \text{ psi}^{(1)}$
E = 1.3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> psi	E = 1.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> psi

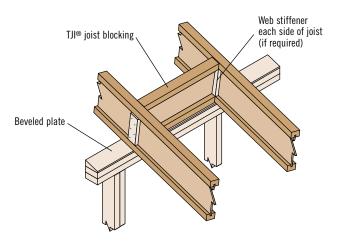
(1) For 12" depth. For other depths, multiply by  $\left[\frac{12}{d}\right]^{0.092}$ 

Cantilever Deflection (<sup>WL4</sup>/<sub>8EI</sub>):
2L/480 at floor live load (live load = 0.80 x total load)

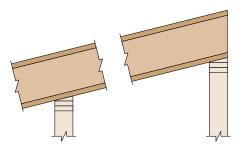
2L/240 at roof total load

### **ROOF DETAILS**

#### 13 Slope Detail

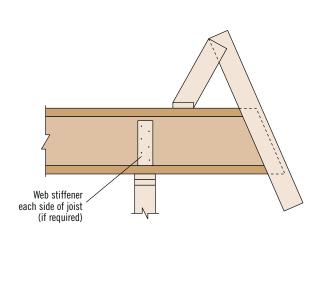


#### **15 Beveled Plate Requirements**

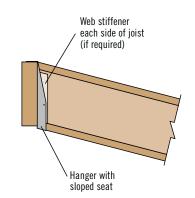


Required Bearing Length	Maximum Slope Without Beveled Plate
1¾"	½" in 12"
3½"	1⁄4" in 12"
5½"	1⁄8" in 12"

#### **17** Cantilever with Mansard Framing

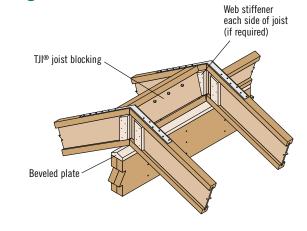


#### 14 Slope Detail at High End



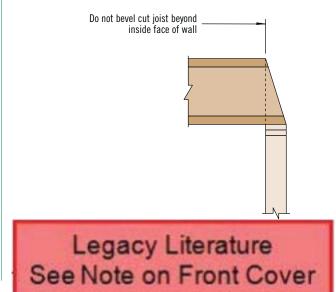
Sloped seat hangers required when slope exceeds 1/2" in 12". Hanger manufacturers may require sloped seat hangers at lesser slopes.

#### **16 Ridge Detail**



A strap and alternating blocking panels, or two rows of blocking panels, are required for lateral stability.

#### **18 Bevel Cut or Fire Cut**



### TIMBERSTRAND<sup>®</sup> LSL RIM BOARD

## TimberStrand<sup>®</sup> LSL rim board (up to 24" in depth) is available from iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial and may be used for:

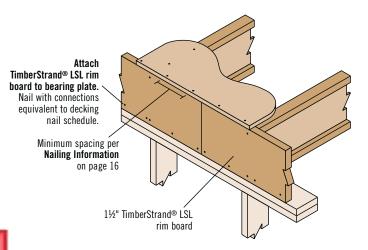
- Shear transfer (nailing must be established by design).
- Vertical load transfer.
- General closure.
- Helping to prevent rollover during joist installation.

#### **Vertical load transfer**

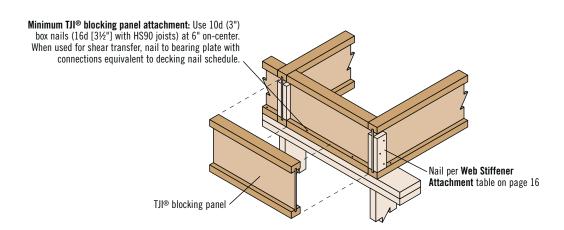
When used for vertical load transfer, the allowable load for  $1 \mspace{-1} \$ 

Legacy Literature

See Note on Front Cover



### **TJI® BLOCKING PANELS**



#### TJI<sup>®</sup> blocking panels are available from iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial and may be used for:

- Shear transfer. Shear transfer capacity is 1,925 lbs per linear foot for TJI<sup>®</sup> L65, L90, and H90 joists; 2,320 lbs for HS90 joists. Nailing must be established by design.
- Vertical load transfer.
- General closure.
- Helping to prevent rollover during joist installation.

When  $\mathsf{TJI}^{\textcircled{B}}$  blocking panels are used for vertical load transfer, the following values may be used:

#### Allowable Uniform Vertical Load Transfer (PLF)

TJI® Joist	TJI® Blocking Panel Depth											
Series	111/8"-14"	16"-20"	22"	24"	26"	28"	30"					
L65 and L90	2,700	2,700	2,400	2,100	1,750	1,450	1,150					
H90	3,150	2,700	2,400	2,100	1,750	1,450	1,150					
HS90	3.150	2.700	2.400	2.100	1.750	1.450	1.150					

• Loads are for TJI® blocking panels or TJI® joists as rim board.

• Loads shown may not be increased for duration of load.

#### **Concentrated vertical loads**

The allowable concentrated vertical loads on TJI® blocking panels or rim joist can be determined by using the equation provided below. Loads exceeding the calculated value should be supported by squash blocks.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\text{allow}} = \mathsf{W}_{\text{allow}} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\mathsf{L}_{c} + 2t_{s} + 2t_{f}} \\ 12 \end{array} \right]$$

#### Where:

P<sub>allow</sub> = Allowable concentrated vertical load (lbs)

- $W_{\text{allow}}~=~$  Allowable uniform vertical load for blocking panel (plf)
- $L_c$  = Bearing length of column on blocking panel (in.)
- $t_s$  = Sheathing thickness (in.)
- $t_f$  ~=~ Effective flange thickness:  $7\!\!/\!\!/"$  for TJI® L65 and TJI® L90,  $11\!\!/\!\!/\!\!/"$  for TJI® H90, and  $11\!\!/\!\!/"$  for TJI® HS90

#### Example:

4x4 post applied to 20" TJI® L65 joist through  $^{23}\!\!\!/_{32}$  " sheathing.

$$P_{allow} = 2,700 \left[ \frac{3.5 + 2(^{23}32) + 2(^{7}8)}{12} \right] = 1,505 \text{ lbs}$$

#### The Importance of Web Stiffeners

Web stiffeners are available from iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial in precut sizes and can be installed at the plant on one or both ends upon request. Web stiffeners are an important part of almost all TJI® joist installations because they will:

- Stiffen the TJI® joist web material and prevent buckling.
- Minimize the bearing length required for the TJI® joist.
- Help transfer reaction loads into the TJI® joist web.
- Provide stabilization in hangers.

#### Web Stiffener Attachment Nail Quantities

Joist	TJI® L65		® L90 and 'JI® H90	TJI® HS90
Depth	8d (2½") Nails	16d	(3½") Nails	16d (3½") Nails
	End or Intermediate	End	Intermediate	End or Intermediate
111/8"	3	3	3	4
14"	5	3	3	6
16"	6	4	4	6
18"	7	4	4	8
20"	8	5	5	10
22"	9	6	11	10
24"	10	6	13	12
26"	11	7	14	14
28"	12	8	15	14
30"	13	8	17	16
32"	_	-	_	18

#### Web Stiffener Size and Material

Flange Width	Web Stiffener Size	Web Stiffener Material
2½"	1" x 25⁄16"	Sheathing (with face grain vertical) that meets the requirements of PS1 or PS2
31⁄2"	2x4	Construction grade or better

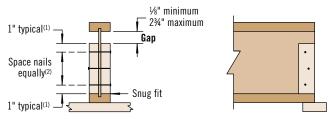
#### To Ensure System Performance

• Web stiffeners must be installed at bearing points as shown in the details below and at points of concentrated loads exceeding 1,500 lbs.

Legacy Literature

See Note on Front Cover

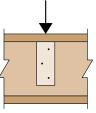
- Web stiffeners are required on joists 20" and greater in depth.
- Web stiffeners are available from iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial and typically have the maximum gap shown below. Verify that hanger nails adequately engage the web stiffener.
- Gap must be at top for all bearing conditions. For concentrated loads, the gap must be at the bottom (see details below).



(1) 1½" (typical) with 2x4 solid sawn lumber web stiffeners.
(2) Nails may be driven from one side only.

#### **Concentrated Load (No Bearing Wall Below)**

If concentrated loads from above exceed 1,500 lbs, install web stiffeners tight to TJI® joist top flange. See tables at left for nailing and material requirements.



Face

Face

Flatwise orientation (typical with TJI® joists and plywood edge blocking) TEdge

Edgewise orientation (typical with rim board, beams,

Edge

### **NAILING INFORMATION**

#### **Minimum Nail Spacing**

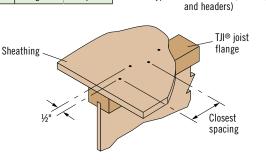
				TimberStra	nd® LSL		Microllan	Sawn Lumber		
Nai	il Type	Nail Size			Edge			Edge		
Ma	птуре	Nall 5126	Face	Joist Flange	Rim Board, Header, Beam	Face	Joist Flange	Rim Board, Header, Beam	Face	Edge
8d(1)	Box	0.113" x 2½"	1½"	4"	3"	2"	4"	3"	4"	2"
ou	Common	0.131" x 2½"	11⁄2"	6"	3"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
10d	Box	0.128" x 3"	11⁄2"	6"	3"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
TUU	Common	0.148" x 3"	11⁄2"	6"	4"	3"	6"	4"	6"	21⁄2"
12d	Box	0.128" x 3¼"	11⁄2"	6"	3"	2"	6"	3"	6"	2"
120	Common	0.148" x 3¼"	11⁄2"	6"	4"	3"	6"	4"	6"	21⁄2"
	Box	0.135" x 3½"	11⁄2"	6"	4"	3"	6"	4"	6"	21⁄2"
16d	Sinker	0.148" x 3¼"	1½"	6"	4"	3"	6"	4"	6"	21⁄2"
	Common	0.162" x 3½"	1¾"	8"	6"	4"	8"	6"	8"	4"

(1) 14 gauge staples may be a direct substitute for 8d nails if a minimum penetration of 1" into the flange is maintained.

If more than one row of nails is used, offset rows at least ½" and stagger. Use 10d (3") common nails, maximum, and maintain ¾" minimum edge distance. Exception: Wind/Seismic Connections (page 18) and High Shear Diaphragm Nailing (page 17).

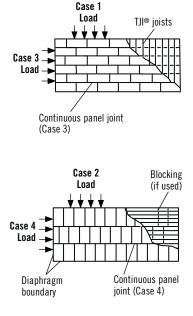
 Nailing pattern to be per plans and specifications, and nail spacing should comply with criteria listed on this page.

· For member stability, nail sheathing to the full length of the member (24" on-center, maximum).



#### 

	Minimum	-	Rows of		er row at diaphrag ous panel joints fo				
Panel Grade	Panel	Flange Width	10d Common	4"	3"	3"			
uruu	Thickness	man	Nails	Nail spacing per row at other panel edges					
				6"	5"	4"			
		2½", 3½"	1	440	500	590			
	15/ <sub>32</sub> "	21⁄2"	2	640	750	920			
	.9/32	31⁄2"	2	750	870	1,060			
		31⁄2"	3	920	1,080	1,330			
		21⁄2", 31⁄2"	1	490	560	660			
Structural I	19/ <sub>32</sub> "	21⁄2"	2	700	820	1,000			
Sheathing	.9/32	31⁄2"	2	830	960	1,160			
		31⁄2"	3	1,000	1,180	1,450			
		2½", 3½"	1	510	580	690			
	<sup>23</sup> / <sub>32</sub> "	21⁄2"	2	750	870	1,070			
		-9/32	31⁄2"	2	870	1,020	1,230		
		31⁄2"	3	1,070	1,260	1,550			
		21⁄2", 31⁄2"	1	360	420	510			
	15/32"	21⁄2"	2	580	690	860			
	-732	31⁄2"	2	670	790	980			
		31⁄2"	3	860	1,030	1,270			
Other		2½", 3½"	1	380	450	550			
Plywood or	19/ <sub>32</sub> "	21⁄2"	2	630	750	920			
Sheathing	-7 32	31⁄2"	2	720	850	1,050			
Grades		31⁄2"	3	920	1,100	1,370			
		2½", 3½"	1	420	490	600			
	23/32"	21⁄2"	2	690	820	1,010			
	/ 32	3½"	2	780	930	1,150			
		31⁄2"	3	1,010	1,200	1,490			



Selected nail spacing must comply with Nailing Information on page 16

#### **General Notes**

References APA Research Report 138.

#### Assumptions:

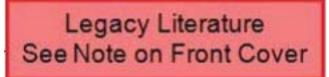
- Panels conform to PS1 or PS2.
- Values are for short-term loads due to wind or earthquake.
- Blocking at panel and diaphragm boundaries must meet or exceed the flange width.
- Shear values are based on 24" joist spacing for <sup>15</sup>/<sub>32</sub>" panels, 32" for <sup>19</sup>/<sub>32</sub>" panels, and 48" for <sup>23</sup>/<sub>32</sub>" panels.
- Shear values have been derived from code-recognized methodologies. Any special inspection required should be specified by others.

#### Nailing:

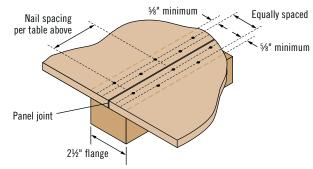
- Values require 1½" penetration of 10d common nails into the member.
- Multiple rows of nails require special inspection. Maintain 5%" minimum edge distance and approximately 3%" minimum spacing between rows.
- Number of nail rows applies to boundary nailing, continuous joints, and nailing at other panel edges.

#### Intermediate framing members:

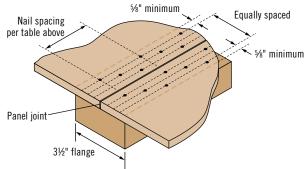
• Space nails 12" on-center, except when joist spacing is greater than 32", in which case nail spacing should be 6" on-center.



#### 21/2" Wide Flanges

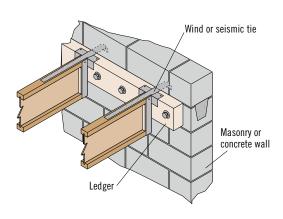


#### 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" Wide Flanges



iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial structural composite lumber flanges may be used for out-of-plane wall anchorage to flexible diaphragms in lieu of the minimum 2½" wood element thickness specified in Item 5 of Section 1633.2.8.1 of the UBC. iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial has obtained code approval for these types of connections; refer to ICC ES ESR-1153 for information.

#### 19 Wall Tension Tie—With Straps



#### **Strap Tension Tie Nailing and Capacities**

Simpson	•	10d (	(1½")	Allowable Loads <sup>(2)</sup> (lbs)				
Strap	Strap Length	Commo	n Nails <sup>(1)</sup>	Mas	onry	Concrete		
Model	Length	Masonry	Concrete	133%	160%	133%	160%	
		13	4" Microllam®	LVL or 3x_L	edger			
PAI18	18"	8 nails	10 nails	1,000	1,205	1,255	1,505	
PAI23	23"	13 nails	15 nails	1,630	1,955	1,880	2,255	
PAI28	29"	19 nails	21 nails	2,380	2,815	2,630	3,160	
PAI35	35"	24 nails	27 nails	2,815	2,815	3,385	3,685	
MPA132(3)	32"	16 nails	16 nails	1,960	2,355	1,960	2,355	
MPAI44 <sup>(3)</sup>	44"	24 nails	24 nails	2,865	2,865	2,865	2,865	
LTT20B	20	10 nails	10 nails	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	
			4x_	Ledger				
PAI18	18"	7 nails	9 nails	875	1,055	1,130	1,355	
PAI23	23"	12 nails	14 nails	1,505	1,805	1,755	2,105	
PAI28	29"	18 nails	20 nails	2,255	2,705	2,505	3,010	
PAI35	35"	23 nails	26 nails	2,815	2,815	3,260	3,685	
MPA132(3)	32"	16 nails	16 nails	1,960	2,355	1,960	2,355	
MPAI44 <sup>(3)</sup>	44"	24 nails	24 nails	2,865	2,865	2,865	2,865	
LTT20B	20	10 nails	10 nails	1,120	1,120	1,120	1,120	

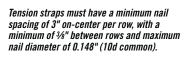
(1) 10d (3") nails are permitted with same design values.

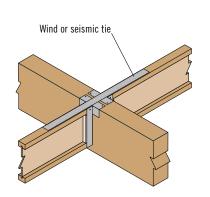
(2) Based on adequate connection to the wall.

21 Wall Tension Tie—HDA Connections

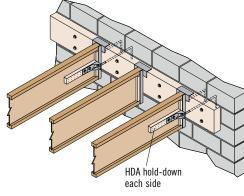
(3) Requires 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" wide flanges.

#### 20 Wind or Seismic Tie at Butting Joists





See strap manufacturer's literature for allowable loads.



#### To calculate the length of the TimberStrand® LSL block (to transfer shear to joist flange):

1. Find  

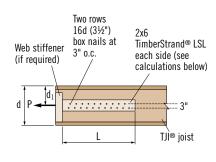
$$L_1 = \frac{0.75(P/K)d_1}{C_D V_A - [V_{D1} + (0.75V_{11})]}$$

2. Find

$$L_2 = \frac{3}{2}$$
 (n) + 3, where n =  $\frac{P}{V_n C_1}$ 

3. Compare  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ . Use maximum of the two values for the length of the TimberStrand® LSL block.

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover



- $C_D$  = Load duration factor
- $d_1$  = Distance to axial load (in.) from top of joist
- $L_1, L_2 =$  Length of block (in.)
- K = 1.0 for wind; 1.4 for seismic (accounts for strength-based seismic load)
- n = Number of nails
  - = Axial load (lbs)

Ρ

- $V_A$  = Allowable shear load (lbs) for TJI<sup>®</sup> joist (see page 5)
- $V_{DL}$  = Shear load due to gravity dead load (lbs)
- $V_{LL}$  = Shear load due to gravity live load (lbs)
- $V_n$  = Nail shear capacity; see table below

#### **16d Nail Shear Capacity**

TJI® Web Thickness	V <sub>n</sub> (100%) in lbs
3⁄8"	164
7⁄16"	169
1/2"	175

### FIRE AND SOUND

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

#### **Fire Assembly Details**

For Fire Assemblies and other construction-related fire information, please refer to our Fire Facts Guide (Reorder #1500), or visit our website at www.iLevel.com.

#### **Sound Assemblies and Noise Measurement**

The ability of a wall or floor/ceiling system to reduce airborne sound transmission is measured using ASTM E90, and reported using the ASTM E413 Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating system. The ratings listed at right, from the Acoustical and Insulation Materials Association, provides practical references for a range of STC numbers. In general, the higher the number, the better the acoustical performance. It is important to note that this table is valid only for a given level of background noise and should be used only for generalized comparisons.

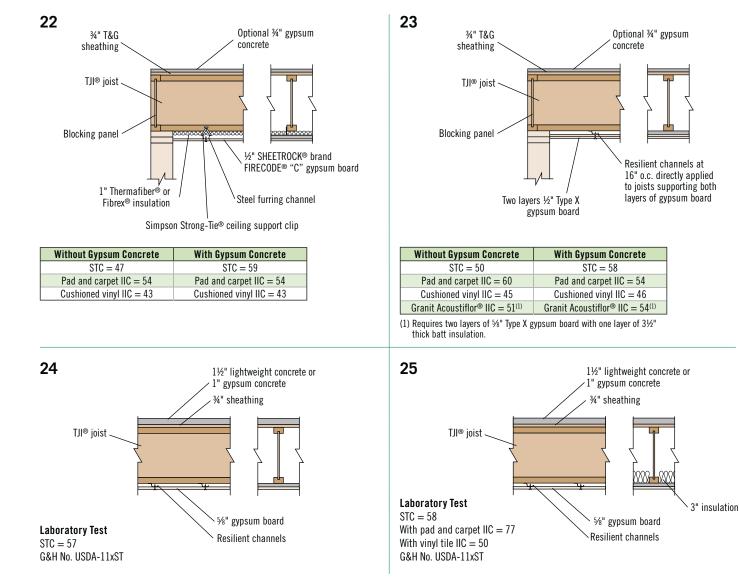
Floor/ceiling systems can also be rated for impact noise transmitted through an assembly. Ratings are determined using the ASTM E492 Impact Insulation Class (IIC) system, and like STC ratings, a high IIC rating indicates significantly reduced impact noise.

#### **STC Ratings**

- 25 Normal speech can be understood quite clearly
- 30 Loud speech can be understood fairly well
- 35 Loud speech audible but not intelligible
- 42 Loud speech audible as a murmur
- 45 Must strain to hear loud speech
- 48 Some loud speech barely audible
- 50 Loud speech not audible

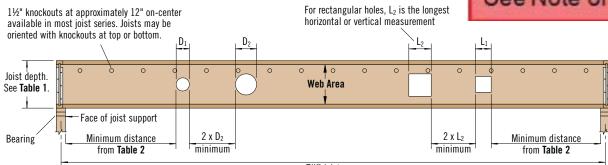
#### Testing

The acoustical assemblies provided below have been tested and rated by recognized acoustical laboratories, and the ratings shown are well within the acceptable range for multi-family buildings. However, in order to achieve these ratings, precautions should be taken to prevent flanking noise and sound leaks, and to ensure that actual construction conforms to the assembly shown.



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### L65, L90, AND H90 ALLOWABLE HOLES



TJI® joist span

#### Table 1—Hole Size Factors and Locations

Round	Rectangular					Joi	st Dept	h			
Hole Size	Hole Size <sup>(1)</sup>	117⁄8"	14"	16"	18"	20"	22"	24"	26"	28"	30" or 32"
2"	1¼"	А	A	Α	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"
4"	2¼"	В	В	Α	Α	Α	1'-3"	1'-3"	1'-3"	1'-3"	4"
6"	31⁄2"	E	С	С	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	1'-3"
8"	4¾"		E	D	С	С	В	В	В	Α	A
10"	6"			E	E	D	С	С	В	В	В
12"	7"					E	D	D	С	С	В
14"	8¼"						E	E	D	D	С
16"	91⁄2"							E	E	D	D
18"	10¾"									E	E
20"	12"										E

(1) Rectangular holes based on measurement of longest side; sizes given in the table are hole sizes, not duct sizes.

#### How to Determine Hole Location

- 1. Determine the joist depth and desired hole size and find hole factor (letter) or hole location (distance) in **Table 1**. If the table reports a hole factor, proceed to step 2.
- Refer to Table 2. The dimension shown where the joist span and hole factor from Table 1 intersect is the required minimum distance from nearest edge of hole to inside face of support.



or notch flanges

For concentrated loads or other conditions or exceptions, contact your iLevel representative

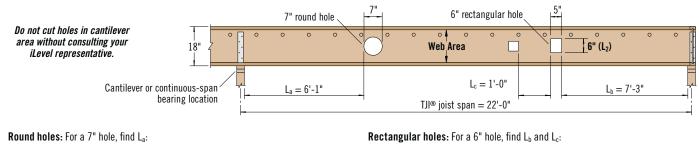
#### Table 2—Hole Locations

Joist	Hole Factor										
Span	A	B	C	D	E						
14'	1'-3"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-9"	5'-0"						
16'	1'-3"	2'-3"	3'-3"	4'-6"	5'-9"						
18'	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-3"	5'-6"	6'-9"						
20'	1'-9"	3'-0"	4'-3"	5'-6"	7'-0"						
22'	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-3"	5'-9"	7'-3"						
24'	2'-3"	3'-3"	4'-6"	5'-9"	7'-6"						
26'	2'-3"	3'-9"	4'-9"	6'-0"	7'-9"						
28'	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-3"	6'-6"	8'-0"						
30'	2'-9"	4'-3"	5'-9"	7'-0"	8'-6"						
32'	3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"	7'-6"	9'-3"						
34'	3'-0"	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	9'-9"						
36'	3'-3"	5'-0"	6'-9"	8'-6"	10'-3"						

#### **General Notes**

- Tables are based on:
  - Simple spans.
  - More restrictive of either uniform loads or code-required concentrated loads (2,000 lbs over 2½ feet square and over two joists) with 25 psf dead and 20 psf partition load.
- Multiple holes require spacing 2 times the length of the largest hole.
- For joists continuous over a support, add 1" to distance shown in table for each foot of joist span. See Example below.
- Holes may be located vertically anywhere in the web. Leave 1/8" of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole.
- Do not cut holes in cantilever area without consulting your iLevel representative.

Example: Find minimum distance from inside face of support to nearest edge of hole.

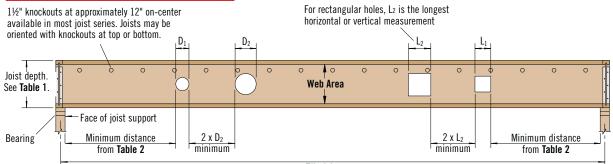


- 1. From Table 1, round up to 8" hole size, where hole factor is C.
- 2. From Table 2, distance is 4'-3".
- 3. Joist is continuous over the support nearest the hole, so increase  $L_a$  by 1" for each foot of span (22");  $L_a = 4'-3" + 22" = 6'-1"$ .
- 1. From Table 1, hole factor is E.
- 2. From **Table 2**, distance  $L_b$  is 7'-3". Hole is nearest to an end support, so no distance increase is required.
- 3. Minimum distance between holes ( $L_c$ ) = 2 x  $L_2$ ;  $L_c$  = 2x(6") = 1'-0".

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

#### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

### **HS90 ALLOWABLE HOLES**



TJI® joist span

#### Table 1—Hole Size Factors and Locations

Round	Rectangular					Joi	st Dept	h			
Hole Size	Hole Size <sup>(1)</sup>	11 <sup>7</sup> ⁄8"	14"	16"	18"	20"	22"	24"	26"	28"	30" or 32"
2"	1¼"	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"
4"	2¼"	С	В	Α	Α	Α	1'-3"	1'-3"	1'-3"	1'-3"	4"
6"	3½"		С	С	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	1'-3"
8"	4¾"			D	С	С	В	В	В	А	A
10"	6"				E	D	С	С	В	В	В
12"	7"					E	D	D	С	С	В
14"	8¼"						E	Ε	D	D	С
16"	9½"							E	E	D	D
18"	10¾"									E	E
20"	12"										E

(1) Rectangular holes based on measurement of longest side; sizes given in the table are hole sizes, not duct sizes.

#### How to Determine Hole Location

- 1. Determine the joist depth and desired hole size and find hole factor (letter) or hole location (distance) in **Table 1**. If the table reports a hole factor, proceed to step 2.
- Refer to Table 2. The dimension shown where the joist span and hole factor from Table 1 intersect is the required minimum distance from nearest edge of hole to inside face of support.



or notch flanges

For concentrated loads or other conditions or exceptions, contact your iLevel representative

### General Notes

- Tables are based on:
  - Simple spans.
  - More restrictive of either uniform loads or code-required concentrated loads (2,000 lbs over 2½ feet square and over two joists) with 25 psf dead and 20 psf partition load.

Table 2—Hole Locations

B

4'-0'

4'-3"

5'-0'

5'-0'

5'-0'

5'-3'

5'-9'

6'-0"

6'-3"

6'-6"

7'-0'

7'-0"

A

3'-3"

3'-3"

3'-6"

3'-9"

4'-0"

4'-3"

4'-3"

4'-6"

4'-9"

5'-0"

5'-0"

5'-3"

Joist Span

14'

16' 18'

20'

22

24'

26'

28'

30'

32

34'

36'

Hole Factor

C

4'-6"

5'-3"

6'-3"

6'-3'

6'-3"

6'-6"

6'-9"

7'-3"

7'-9"

8'-0"

8'-6"

8'-9"

D

5'-9"

6'-6"

7'-6'

7'-6'

7'-9"

7'-9"

8'-0'

8'-6"

9'-0"

9'-6'

10'-0"

10'-6"

Ε

7'-0"

7'-9"

8'-9"

9'-0"

9'-3"

9'-6"

9'-9"

10'-0"

10'-6"

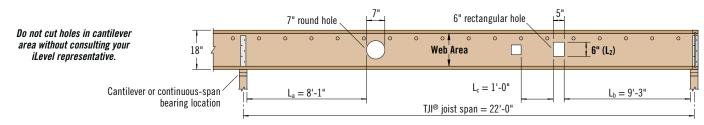
11'-3"

11'-9"

12'-3"

- Multiple holes require spacing 2 times the length of the largest hole.
- For joists continuous over a support, add 1" to distance shown in table for each foot of joist span. See Example below.
- Holes may be located vertically anywhere in the web. Leave ½" of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole.
- Do not cut holes in cantilever area without consulting your iLevel representative.

Example: Find minimum distance from inside face of support to nearest edge of hole.



Round holes: For a 7" hole, find La:

- 1. From Table 1, round up to 8" hole size, where hole factor is C.
- 2. From Table 2, distance is 6'-3".
- Joist is continuous over the support nearest the hole, so increase L<sub>a</sub> by 1" for each foot of span (22");
   L<sub>a</sub> = 6'-3" + 22" = 8'-1".

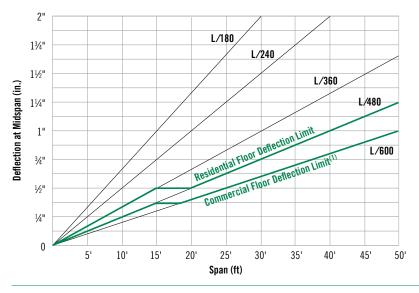
Rectangular holes: For a 6" hole, find Lb and Lc:

- 1. From Table 1, hole factor is E.
- 2. From Table 2, distance  $L_b$  is 9'-3". Hole is nearest to an end support, so no distance increase is required.
- 3. Minimum distance between holes  $(L_c) = 2 \times L_2$ ;  $L_c = 2x(6") = 1'-0"$ .

#### iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial Recommended Deflection Criteria

Full-scale tests have shown repeatedly that iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial products have deflection characteristics that are consistently predictable by calculation, with minimal set after load withdrawal.

The graph below shows that the iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial recommended deflection limit for residential and commercial floors is more restrictive than the minimum of L/360 required by building codes. The floor load portions of the tables shown on pages 6–8 were developed based on the **Commercial Floor Deflection** Limit shown in the graph below.



#### **Deflection Calculations**

The deflection characteristics of TJI® joists can be closely approximated by analyzing beams using the El values for flexural deflections shown in the **Design Properties** table on page 5. The El values selected from the **Design Properties** table must be determined by application (i.e., for roof applications use the El for joists; for floor applications use the El for nailed panels or glue-nailed panels).

For uniformly loaded simple spans, the mid-span deflection (in inches) can be calculated as shown at right:

#### TJI® L65, L90, and H90 Joists:

 $\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{wL}^4}{\text{EI}} + \frac{2.26 \text{wL}^2}{\text{d x } 10^5}$ 

#### TJI® HS90 Joists:

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{wL}^4}{\text{FL}} + \frac{2.00 \text{wL}^3}{\text{d x } 10^5}$$

(The second function is shear deflection)

Where:

- w = Uniform load in plf
- L = Span in feet
- $d = Depth of TJI^{(R)}$  joist in inches
- El = Value from the proper column in the **Design Properties** table (page 5)

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

Deflection criteria will vary by application. In a roof system, excessive deflection would be unsightly and could cause ceiling cracks and/or drainage problems. Floor systems, however, have entirely different—and usually much more restrictive—deflection requirements due to an occupant's perception of floor performance and feel. For more information on floor performance, see page 9.

#### Floors:

- Maximum deflection at live load limited as indicated here.
- Movable partition loads need not be considered.

#### Roofs:

- Sloped Roofs—¼" to 12" per foot, maximum deflection L/180 at total load
- Plaster Ceilings—Also check L/360 at live load
- (1) For live load applications greater than 50 psf, check the L/600 deflection limit using a 50 psf live load (movable partitions need not be considered), and check the code-prescribed deflection limit using the full live load.

#### Example:

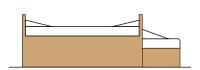
14" TJI® L65 floor joist	
Nailed floor sheathing	
20' span floor	
100 plf uniform load	
$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \times 100 \times 20^4}{752 \times 10^6} + \frac{2.26 \times 100 \times 10^6}{14 \times 10^6}$	<u> </u>

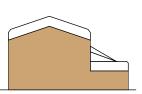
In this same example, if the deck was glue-nailed to the  ${\rm TJI}^{\textcircled{\mbox{\scriptsize 0}}}$  joists the deflection would reduce to:

 $\Delta = \frac{22.5 \times 100 \times 20^4}{821 \times 10^6} + \frac{2.26 \times 100 \times 20^2}{14 \times 10^5} = 0.50^{"}$ 

### **SNOWDRIFT LOADING**







Wind direction, site exposure, and roof type and shape are some of the factors that can dramatically influence the accumulation of snow on a roof structure. ASCE 7 *(Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures)* and the applicable building code, as well as other local state and regional codes, provide guidelines for calculating snowdrift loadings on all types of building construction.

Drifts usually occur at locations of discontinuity in a roof such as at parapet walls, valleys, or where a high roof meets a low roof. Closer on-center spacing or additional support may be required at these locations. The examples above illustrate potential snowdrift conditions.

The project design professional is responsible for determining any additional loads due to snow drifting.

#### **Technical Support Organization and Functions**

iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial has an extensive network of sales offices, and engineering departments staffed by professional engineers and designers. Their role is to provide technical support and service to our field representatives, the professional design community, and the manufacturing plants. Engineering department personnel have access to extensive test data, production standards, building code product acceptance criteria, and the most current computer design software.

The engineering departments work closely with our field representatives and can provide the following services:

 Review and analysis of potential applications submitted by our field representatives

- Drawings showing placement, bearing conditions, dimensions, and installation suggestions
- Custom design of the product
- Assistance in resolving field problems should they arise

This design guide contains technical data and design information frequently required by the design professional when using our products. Because of the variety of possible conditions, the design professional is encouraged to request support from iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial engineering through one of our representatives.

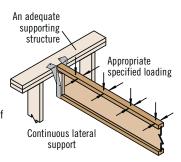
#### **Product Application Assumptions**

Our guarantee is subject to an adequate supporting structure for our products. The design of the entire structure is not the role of iLevel, nor can we assume accountability for the full function of the roof or floor system. We can only be responsible for the internal design integrity of our own products, which are structural components of roof and floor systems that are necessarily designed by others.

Our guarantee is also subject to continuous lateral support to the compression flange of our products unless specific design provisions account for other lateral support conditions. Continuous lateral support is provided by 8d (2½") nails at 24" on-center (minimum) for TJI® joists that are connected to an adequate diaphragm or total lateral strength system.

The magnitude, direction, and location of all design loads are as specified by the building designer. The review of this loading by our personnel is only for purposes of designing our product.

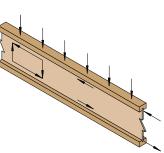
Other application assumptions are referenced on the terms and conditions of our purchase agreement contract.



#### Analysis Procedure—TJI® Joists

Using the allowable stresses found in our code approvals, TJI® joists are analyzed according to the procedures outlined in ASTM D5055. Bending capacity is determined using the net area of the flanges (rout area deducted) as sole flexural strength, while stiffness considers the contributions of the web material as well. Shear and reaction capacity have been established through product tests, and properties are routinely confirmed through ongoing quality-control testing. Local web buckling in high shear locations, as well as bearing load transfer to the web, may require reinforcement of the web (usually by use of web stiffeners). Web stiffener requirements and fastening details have been established by test.

The composite nature of the TJI® joist results in multiple control mechanisms—all of which are accounted for in testing but are generally unrelated to the shear mechanics of solid joists and timbers. For this reason, ignoring loads near supports is not generally appropriate, and the basic design shear is the vertical shear at the face of the support. In some cases, web confinement and inelastic beam behavior are observed to cause increases in shear strength during testing of members that are continuous over a support. Deflection of TJI® joists is closely predicted through flexural and shear deflection analysis, using composite action with the sheathing for nailed or glue-nailed attachments.



#### **Concentrated and Non-Uniform Loads**

For the most efficient use of iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial products resisting concentrated loads, non-uniform loads, and/or in conditions other than simple spans, consult TJ-Beam® design software or your iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative for precise sizing. As a general rule, extra members should be added to the system to carry concentrated loads such as bearing partitions,

air conditioners, and other mechanical equipment. Handling concentrated loads in this manner usually provides the most economical system and also helps ensure more uniform deflection.

#### **Treated Products**

Preservative-treated iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial products are available and they require special design considerations. Refer to the *Preservative Treatment Guide* (Reorder #TJ-1020) or contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative for more information.

Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

#### Q1: What type of certification and quality assurance do TJI® joists have?

A1: iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial TJI® joists are manufactured in accordance with rigorous standards and are monitored by a third-party quality control agency (PFS Corporation). These standards are documented in current evaluation reports in major model building codes, which are also referenced in this guide.

### Q2: What types of adhesives are used in TJI® joists, and are they waterproof?

**A2:** TJI<sup>®</sup> joists are manufactured using waterproof, thermoset adhesives such as resorcinol, phenol formaldehyde, and diphenylmethane diisocyanate (MDI). These adhesives all meet the requirements of ASTM standard D2559-92.

### **Q3:** What is the level of formaldehyde emissions from the adhesives in your TJI® joists?

A3: It is less than 0.10 parts per million (ppm).

Independent third-party testing<sup>(1)(2)</sup> shows that products manufactured with these adhesives do not emit significant amounts of formaldehyde. When tested in accordance with the ASTM large-chamber test<sup>(3)</sup>, the formaldehyde emissions of these products were below 0.10 ppm, which is below even the most stringent regulatory requirements. In many cases, emissions were so low that they could not be distinguished from background levels of formaldehyde in the fresh air used during testing.

For more information see *Questions and Answers About Adhesives and Formaldehyde Emissions* (Reorder #1505) on our website, www.iLevel.com.

#### Q4: Do TJI<sup>®</sup> joists meet the requirements set forth in the U.S. Green Building Council's (USGBC) *Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design* (LEED) standard?

**A4:** LEED- NC (new construction) is a commonly used building rating system designed to accelerate the development of green building practice. While products such as TJI® joists are not LEED certified on an individual basis, they may contribute to point totals for a "whole building" certification. For example, the following items may be viewed as contributors toward points in the LEED rating system:

- The Low Emitting Materials section (EQ 4.4) recognizes composite wood that is free from urea-formaldehyde resins. iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial does not use urea-formaldehyde resins in any of its engineered lumber products.
- The Certified Wood section (MR 7) recognizes only FSC certification. iLevel has
  chosen to implement a Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI), plus ISO 14001
  standards and practices to assure that strict environmental policies and
  procedures are in place. Although third-party evaluations have validated that
  there is no significant environmental difference between the FSC and SFI
  standards, LEED fails to recognize other credible programs.
- The *Regional Materials* section (MR 5.1 & 5.2) recognizes any materials that are manufactured within 500 miles of the constructed project.

Green Globes is another rating standard. It provides users with convenient planning options. More information about Green Globes is available at http://www.thegbi.org. Both programs are relatively new and will continue to evolve as building practices change and new products and materials are introduced. While LEED's focus is recycled materials, we believe that wood as a renewable building material should be given greater consideration. Life-Cycle Assessment criteria demonstrates the environmental benefits of wood over steel and concrete products. The CORRIM study's Life-Cycle Assessment report identified the environmental superiority of

wood over these non-wood products. More information about the CORRIM report is available at http://www.corrim.org/reports/. The USGBC is considering revisiting their credit allocations for wood products. In addition, the use of nontraditional species and second- and third-growth timber in the manufacture of TJI® joists supports the overall objective of the LEED rating system.

### Q5: Are tapered and cambered TJI® joists available?

**A5:** Yes. iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial offers the TJI<sup>®</sup> L65 series joist in a single slope, tapered profile to provide minimum roof slopes for drainage. For more details, refer to our *TJI<sup>®</sup> L65 Tapered Joist Commercial Design Guide*. A nominal camber can also be built into some TJI<sup>®</sup> joist products (see **TJI<sup>®</sup> Joist Descriptions** on page 4); contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative for more information.

#### Q6: How can I contact an iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative?

**A6:** You can find your local iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative by calling 1-866-TJWorks (1-866-859-6757) or through the *ABOUT iLEVEL* section of our website at www.iLevel.com.

### Q7: How do I get a copy of your TJ-Beam<sup>®</sup> sizing software?

**A7:** You can either contact your local iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial representative or request a copy on our website at www.iLevel.com.

### **Q8:** Are repetitive-member increases allowed in TJI<sup>®</sup> joist design?

**A8:** No. The newly adopted product qualification model in ASTM D5055-02 has modified the resistive-moment values to more closely model wood I-joist moment capacity. However, this new procedure does not use a repetitive-member increase, so an increase to the TJI® joist moment values shown in this design guide is not applicable.

### Q9: Are there special considerations for shear design in TJI® joists?

**A9:** Yes. In wood design, it is common practice to neglect all uniform loads within a distance equal to the joist depth. But that does not apply to TJI® joists at end bearing locations. In addition, it is critical that TJI® joists be designed for both reaction and shear at supports.

### Q10: What are the deflection criteria most commonly used when selecting TJI® joists?

**A10:** TJI<sup>®</sup> joist deflections must meet all applicable building codes and any criteria specified by the building designer. But as the graph on page 22 shows, the iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial recommended deflection limits for residential and commercial floors are more restrictive than the minimums required by typical building codes.

It's important to note that designing a floor around a deflection limit is often not enough to ensure good floor performance. Individual perceptions of floor vibration vary, and they are influenced by a variety of factors associated with floor construction. The best way to predict how a floor will perform is to use TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Ratings (available with our TJ-Beam<sup>®</sup> sizing software).

### Q11: Are there special considerations when using double TJI® joists?

**A11:** Yes. With double TJI<sup>®</sup> joists, if a load is applied to the side of one member, you must connect the two TJI<sup>®</sup> joists together at the loading point to transfer the load equally into both members. For more specific information, see detail 7 on page 11.

Typically, sheathing is not nailed to both TJI® joists, which leaves one joist with an unbraced compression flange. To ensure the lateral stability of both joists when loads are applied from above, the TJI® joists must be connected as shown in detail 9 on page 12. Often, a rectangular member may be the simplest option.

#### Q12: Is the 1½"-thick flange on commercial TJI® joists sufficient for the nail penetration required by building code diaphragm tables?

**A12:** Yes. A 1½"-thick (or thicker) flange meets the fastener penetration requirements stated in building code diaphragm tables such as IBC Table 2306.3.1. For other building codes, calculations per the *2001 ANSI/AF&PA National Design Specification for Wood Construction* consider fastener penetration into the main member and show that a 1½" penetration does not reduce the lateral nail capacity.

### Q13: How do I account for snowdrift loading on TJI® joists?

**A13:** Snowdrift loading should be considered by the designer in any snow load area where roof projections and/or changes in roof elevations could allow snow to accumulate. Specific design criteria falls under the jurisdiction of local building codes.

#### Q14: Does iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial provide guidelines for the installation of TJI<sup>®</sup> joists?

**A14:** Yes. Installation guides are provided with every TJI® joist delivery. Typical construction applications and details can be found in the guide, and particular attention should be given to the handling, storage, safety bracing, and installation instructions. Shop drawings showing job-specific information are also furnished upon request. A copy of our *TJI® Joist Installation Guide* (Reorder #COM-2002) can also be downloaded from www.iLevel.com.

#### Q15: Are your TJI® joists covered by a warranty?

**A15:** Yes. iLevel warrants that its products will be free from manufacturing errors or defects in workmanship and material. In addition, provided the product is correctly installed and used, the company warrants the adequacy of its design for the normal and expected life of the building. A copy of this Product Warranty (Reorder #TJ-1000) can be found on the back cover of this guide or on our website at www.iLevel.com.

### **Q16:** Does iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial provide any rated fire assembly details?

**A16:** Yes. iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial provides a number of fire assembly details, which can be downloaded from our website at www.iLevel.com. Other details can be found in the iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> *Fire Facts Guide* (Reorder #1500), which you can download from our website at www.iLevel.com.

Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

References:

(1) Structural Board Association Technical Bulletin (TB102). http://www.osbguide.com/osbliterature.html.

(2) American Plywood Association. http://www.apawood.org.

<sup>(3)</sup> Determining Formaldehyde Concentrations in Air and Emission Rates from Wood Products Using a Large Chamber. ASTM E1333.

#### 1.0 General

#### 1.1 Scope

This work includes the complete furnishings and installation of all iLevel Trus Joist TJI® joists, as shown on the drawings herein specified and necessary to complete the work.

#### 1.2 Code Approvals

These products shall be designed and manufactured to the standards set forth in ICC ES ESR-1153.

#### 1.3 Related Work Specified Elsewhere

A. Carpentry and Millwork

B. Glu-Laminated Members

#### 1.4 Design

A. Products:

iLevel Trus Joist  $^{\odot}$  Commercial products shall be designed to fit the dimensions and loads indicated on the plans.

B. Design Calculations:

When required, a complete set of design calculations shall be prepared by iLevel Trus  $\mbox{Joist}^{\circledast}$  Commercial.

#### 1.5 Submittals

#### A. Drawings:

When required, drawings showing layout and detail necessary for determining fit and placement in the building shall be provided by iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial.

B. Production:

Fabrication and/or cutting shall not proceed until the architect and/or engineer have approved the submittal package.

#### 2.0 Products

#### 2.1 Materials

Flange members, web members, and adhesives shall conform to the provisions of ICC ES ESR-1153.

#### 2.2 Fabrication

 $TJI^{\circledast}$  joists shall be manufactured by iLevel Trus Joist  $^{\circledast}$  Commercial in a plant listed in the reports referred to above and under the supervision of an approved third-party inspection agency.

#### 2.3 Tolerances

Depth:  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ " Flange Width:  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ "

#### 2.4 Identification

Each of the joists shall be identified by a stamp indicating the joist series, ICC-ES evaluation report number, manufacturer's name, plant number, date of fabrication, and the independent inspection agency's logo.

#### 2.5 Hardware

Not applicable.

#### 3.0 Execution

#### 3.1 Installation

TJI® joists, if stored prior to installation, shall be stored in a vertical orientation and protected from the weather. They shall be handled with care so they are not damaged. TJI® joists are to be installed in accordance with the plans and any iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial drawings and installation suggestions. Temporary construction loads that cause stresses beyond design limits are not permitted. Safety bracing is to be provided by the installer to keep the TJI® joists straight and plumb as required and to ensure adequate lateral support for the individual TJI® joist members and the entire system until the sheathing material is applied.

#### 3.2 Installation Review

Prior to enclosing the TJI<sup>®</sup> joists, the Contractor shall give notification to the iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative to provide an opportunity for review of the installation.

#### 3.3 Performance Standards

Products shall be proven by testing and evaluation in accordance with the provisions of ASTM D5055.

#### 3.4 Fire Rating/Sound Rating

Fire and sound ratings are to be established in accordance with assemblies as detailed in ICC ES ESR-1153 or the *Directory of Listed Products*, published by Intertek Testing Services.

#### 3.5 Warranty

The products delivered shall be free from manufacturing errors or defects in workmanship and material. The products, when correctly installed and maintained, shall perform as designed for the normal and expected life of the building.

#### 4.0 Alternates and/or Equals

#### 4.1 Base Bid

Due to the customized detailing and engineering characteristics of the roof and/or floor framing assembly, it is a requirement that  $TJI^{lo}$  joists be used in the base bid.

#### 4.2 Acceptable Alternatives

At the discretion of the specifier of record, acceptable alternatives or equals will be listed on the final addendum of the specifications for the request for bid.

#### 4.3 Alternates and Equals

If not listed in the specifications as acceptable, any other alternates or equals must meet and conform to the dimensions and loads indicated on the plans and product specifications, and shall be certified for conformance by a registered engineer, taking into account structural performance, possible conflicts with related trades, compatibility with the overall design and building requirements, and building codes. Certification of alternates or equals must be contained in the bid, otherwise the bid shall be deemed non-responsive.

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

## Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

**Rigid Insulation (1" thick)** 

### **MATERIAL WEIGHTS**

#### Refer to local building codes for live load design requirements.

#### **Composition Roofing**

Mechanically fastened	
Ballasted system	
Single-ply roofs (insulation not included)	
2" thick	. 13.0 psf
Insulated Roof Membrane Assembly (IRMA)	
5-ply and gravel	6.5 psf
4-ply and gravel	6.0 psf
3-ply and gravel	5.6 psf
3–15 and 1–90 lb	2.2 psf
2–15 and 1–90 lb	1.7 psf

#### (Based on 36 pcf for plywood, 40 pcf for OSB)

½" plywood1.5 psf
5%" plywood
34" plywood
11/8" plywood
½" OSB
5%" OSB
34" OSB
1½" OSB
*For southern pine weights, increase Douglas fir weights by 10%.

#### **Miscellaneous Roofing Materials**

Corrugated galvanized steel

16 ga	sf
20 ga	sf
22 ga	sf
24 ga	sf
Asphalt shingles	sf
Wood shingles	sf
Clay tile	sf
Slate (¾" thick)	sf

### Weights of Douglas Fir Framing Members

<b>Nominal Size</b>	Joist Spacing			
(in.)	12"	16"	24"	
2x4	1.4 psf	1.1 psf	0.7 psf	
2x6	2.2 psf	1.7 psf	1.1 psf	
2x8	2.9 psf	2.2 psf	1.5 psf	
2x10	3.7 psf	2.8 psf	1.9 psf	
2x12	4.4 psf	3.3 psf	2.2 psf	
3x6	3.6 plf			
4x6	5.0 plf			
4x8	6.8 plf			
4x10	8.6 plf			
4x12	10.4 plf			

• For southern pine weights, increase Douglas fir weights by 10%.

## Weights of Sprinkler Lines

Size of	Schedule 40, Standard Pipe		Schedule 10, Thin Wall Pipe	
Pipe	Dry (plf)	Wet (plf)	Dry (plf)	Wet (plf)
1"	1.7	2.1	1.4	1.8
1¼"	2.3	3.0	1.8	2.5
1½"	2.7	3.6	2.1	3.1
2"	3.7	5.2	2.7	4.2
21⁄2"	5.8	7.9	3.6	5.9
3"	7.6	10.8	4.3	8.0
3½"	9.2	13.5	5.0	9.8
4"	10.9	16.4	5.6	11.8
5"	14.8	23.5	7.8	17.3
6"	19.2	31.7	9.3	23.1
8"	28.6	50.8	16.9	40.1
10"	40.5	74.6		

- For additional information on sprinkler systems, see iLevel Trus Joist® Commercial Sprinkler System Installation Guide (Reorder #COM-1000).

Hemlock	2 psf
Cork	7 psf
Gold bond	5 psf
Polystyrene foam	2 psf
Foamglass	8 psf
Rigid fiberglass1.	5 psf
Roll or Batt Insulation (1" thick)	
Rock wool	2 psf
Glass wool	1 psf
Floors	
Hardwood (nominal 1")4.	0 psf
Concrete (1" thick)	
Regular	0 psf
Lightweight	
Gypsum concrete (¾" thick)6.	5 psf
Sheet vinyl	5 psf
Carpet and pad1.	
%" ceramic or quarry tile	0 psf
Ceilings	
Acoustical fiber tile	0 psf
½" gypsum board	

$\frac{1}{2}"$ gypsum board
%" gypsum board2.8 psf
Plaster (1" thick)
Metal suspension system (including tile)

To calculate total dead load, use a minimum of 1.5 psf for "miscellaneous" with all dead loads

### Approximate Weights of iLevel Trus Joist® **Commercial Products**

	Series	PLF Weight
Trusses	TJL™, TJL-T™, or TJLX™	3.75-4.25
	TJW™ or TJW-T™	4.50-5.25
	TJS™	4.75-5.75
	TJM™	8.00-9.00
	TJH™	10.00-12.00
	TJI® L65	3.0-5.8
Joists	TJI® L90	4.2-6.6
101212	TJI® H90	4.6-7.1
	TJI® HS90	6.0-9.1

Structural Composite Lumber	Density (pcf)
1.9E Microllam <sup>®</sup> LVL	42
TimberStrand® LSL	45
Parallam® PSL	45
Wolmanized® Parallam® PSL	52 (Service Level 2)

• PLF Unit Weight = (density) x (width) x (depth).

Wolman® and Wolmanized® are registered trademarks of Arch Treatment Technologies, Inc., Smyrna, Georgia.

# **EVEL TRUS JOIST** commercial

### Legacy Literature See Note on Front Cover

## **SERVICE YOU CAN COUNT ON**

iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial TJI<sup>®</sup> Joists are designed to be the foundation of an integrated structural system when combined with other iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial products. In addition, our products are backed by one of the industry's largest and most experienced networks of engineering support and field service representatives. iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representatives and experienced engineering staff are located throughout the United States to help with technical information, installation questions, or code compliance.

**Software Solutions:** If you are a design professional or lumber dealer, iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial iLevel offers a full array of software packages to help you specify individual framing members, create cut lists, manage inventories—even help you design whole-structure framing solutions. Contact your iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial representative to find out how to get the software you need.

**Technical Support:** Need technical help? iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial has one of the largest networks of engineers and sales representatives in the business. Call us for help, and a skilled member from our team of experts will contact you within one business day to evaluate and help solve your structural frame problems—GUARANTEED.

At iLevel Trus Joist<sup>®</sup> Commercial, our goal is to help you build solid and durable structures by providing high-quality commercial building products and unparalleled technical and field support. A limited warranty for our products is in effect for the expected life of your structure.

#### **CONTACT US**

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#### **OUR WARRANTY**



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December 2007

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